

Build Better Brains through Understanding and Connection

April 24th, 2024 (1:30-2:30pm)

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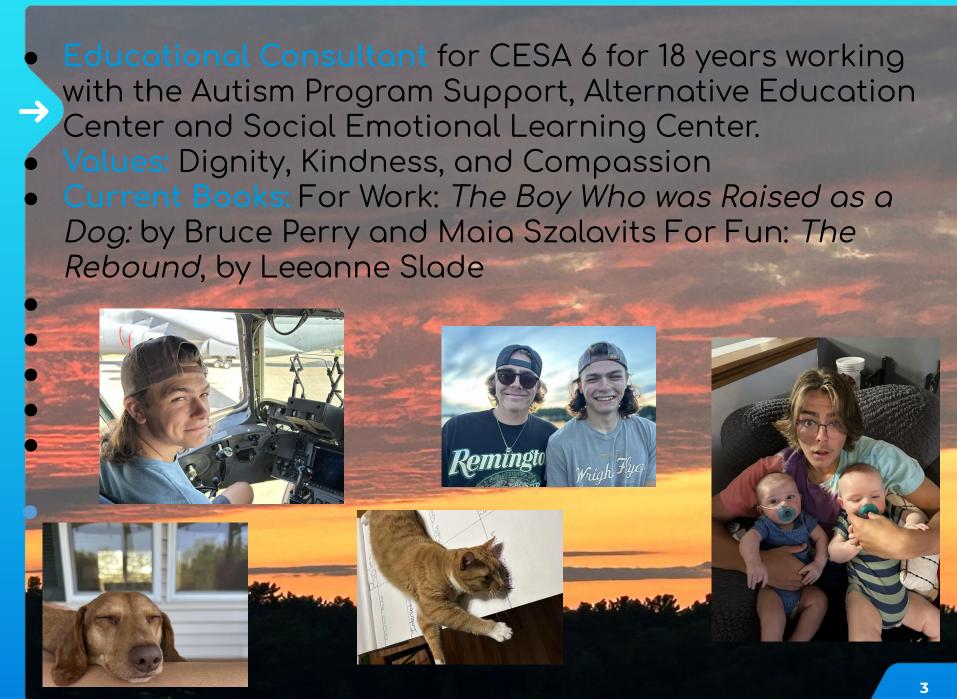
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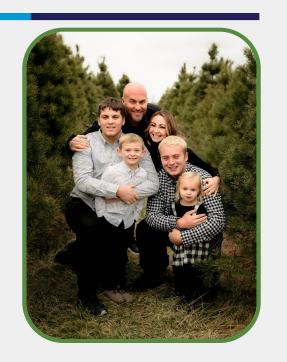




It's nice to meet you!

~School Psychologist ~Leadership, coaching & consultative experience in Special Education, Mental thealth, Multi-level Systems of Support







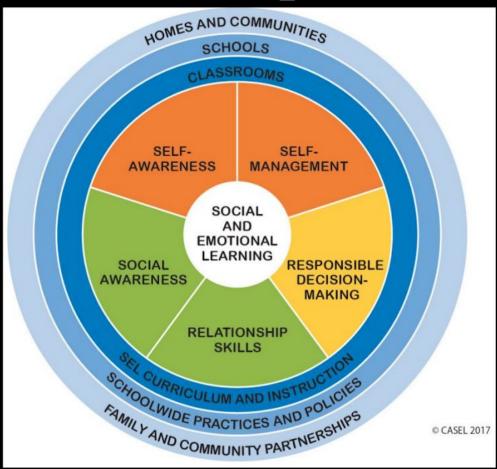


KRISTIN LOTZINO, Ed.S Consultant | SEL Center School Psychologist

Mom/Wife/Family Member
Athlete
My happy place is on the
lake in the sun
I splurge on good food



The power of play:



- Facilitates social skill building
- Gives practice at "reading" others
- Empathy building
- Managing excitement/ intensity (i.e. good stress)
- Strengthen impulse control
- Turns on social-approach / engagement system
- Sends safety signals
- •Releases oxytocin in the brain
- •Reduces pain (helps us feel and deal)
- Can create epigenetic changes

NORMS FOR PARTICIPATION



Be open to new learning

- Share seamlessly, steal shamelessly
- Normalize the feeling of discomfort/non-closer



Learning Targets: Overview



- Develop awareness of adverse and positive childhood experiences
- Understand the Brain State Model
- Recognize that "how you show up" makes a difference

Who are YOU?

Elementary (PreK-4)

Middle (5-8)

High School (9-12)

Principal

Support Staff

Rural School

Urban School

What Informs our Thinking?



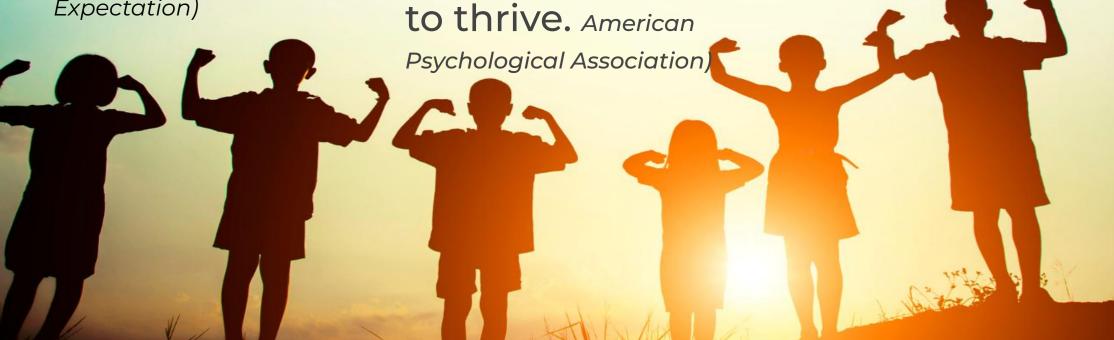


Every person is deserving of others who assume positive intent. (Yale Leadership Expectation)

CORE BELIEFS

Positive relationships are necessary in order for anyone

"Kids do well if they can." (Ross Greene)









Trauma Lens





Adverse Childhood Experiences: What Are They?

ABUSE

NEGLECT

HOUSEHOLD DYSFUNCTION



Physical



Physical



Mental Illness



Incarcerated Relative



Emotional



Emotional



Mother treated violently

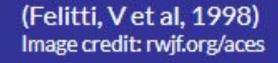


Substance Abuse



Divorce

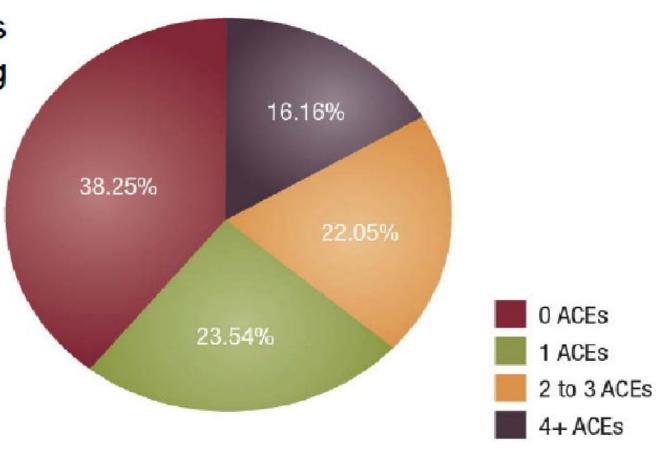






ACEs are Common

Over 60% of Wisconsin adults reported growing up with at least one ACE.





Positive Childhood Experiences



The ability to talk with family about feelings.



The sense that <u>family is supportive</u> during difficult times.



The enjoyment of <u>participation in community traditions</u>.



Feeling a sense of belonging in high school.



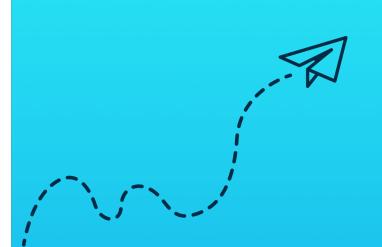
Positive Childhood Experiences Feeling supported by friends.



Having at least two non-parent adult who genuinely care.



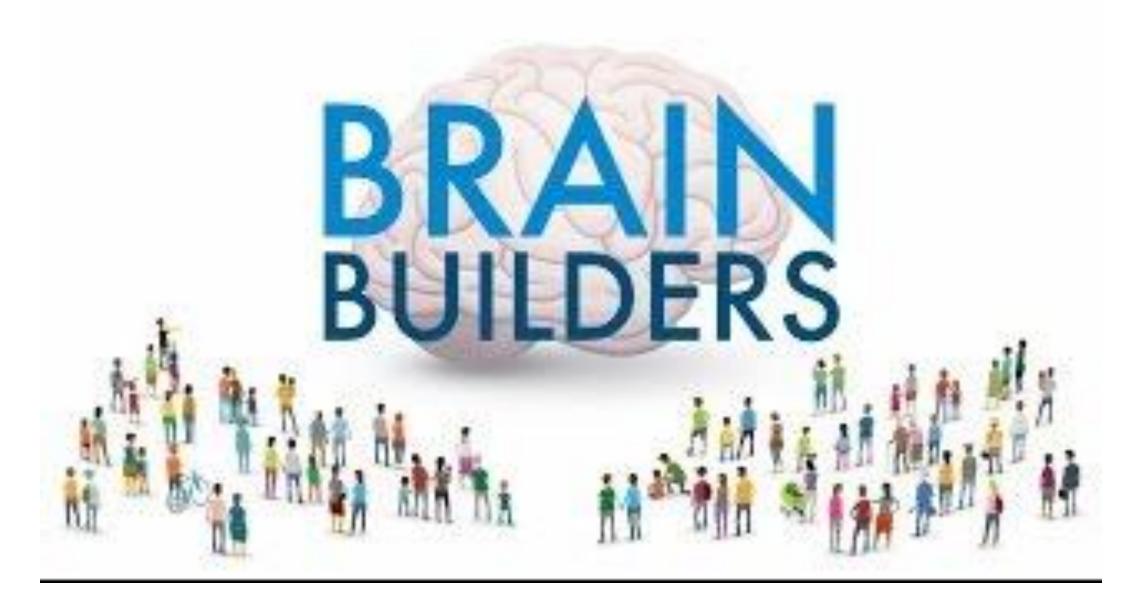
Feeling safe and protected by an adult in the home.



BRAIN STATE MODEL

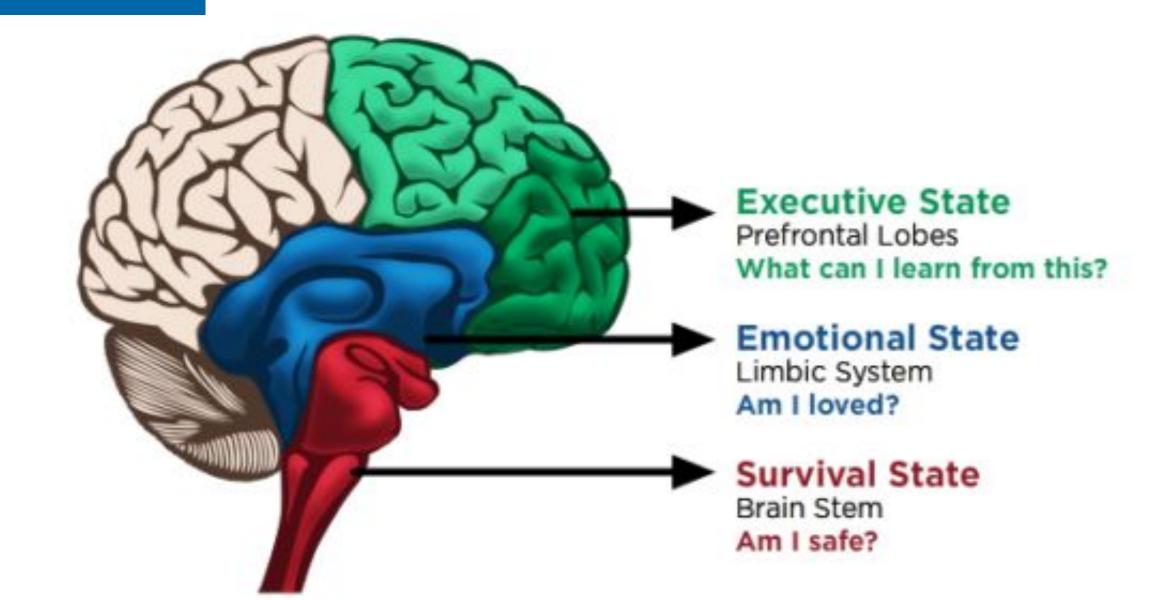












Reflection - Adult Perspective

 What are the behaviors that "activate" your emotional response system?

How do you know when you've been activated?

 What strategies do you have when you become aware that you've been activated?









You are the Intervention!

Recognize what brain state you are in

Understand the questions that needs to be asked/answered in each Brain State

Be the regulated person in the situation.

Use safe actions and language

Building Relationships

"The research on the most effective treatments to help child trauma victims might be accurately summed up this way: what works best is anything that increases the quality and number of relationships in the child's life."

- Bruce Perry, MD, PhD





The child who is not embraced by the village will burn it down to feel its warmth.

-- African proverb

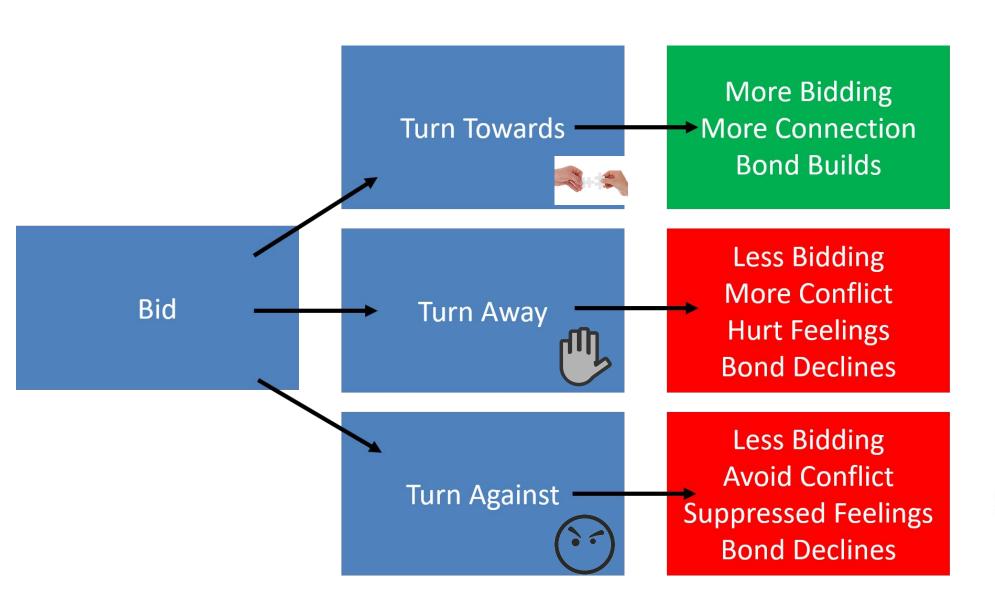
Reframe Our Thinking



Bid for connection:

Any attempt a person makes to connect with someone else.









How Do We Develop Connections?

Connection

(Positive Energy that Exists Between People)

Feel Seen, Heard, and Valued Give & Receive without Judgement

Grow and Gain Strength from the Relationship

Connections:

Connection (Positive Energy that Exists Between People)

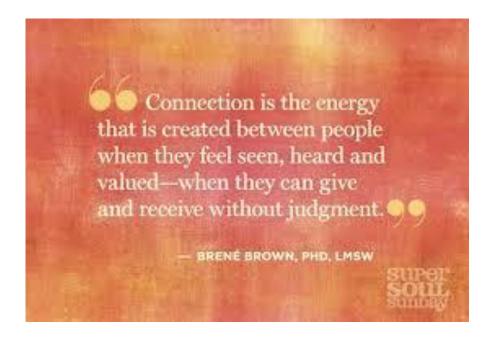
Feel Seen, Heard, and Valued		Give & Receive without Judgment		Grow and Gain Strength from the Relationship	
What you say	What you do	What you say	What you do	What you say	What you do
Use the child's name Validate emotions "You look"	Be present Keep your attention on what is happening at the moment	State what you want the child to do (instead of not do) Example: "Walk" instead of "No	Give your time and attention to each student no matter what the child's behavior is like	When an interaction is ending, leave it on a positive note	Show the child who you are authentically When interactions are rough, make
Point out unique strengths authentically Practice "noticing"	Smile warmly at each child Listen with enthusiasm	running" Provide corrective feedback without using blame or	Provide reteaching support instead of telling the student what they've done wrong	you've got this!" Give the child feedback on their effort	sure you end by turning back to strength Model ways for the
strategies "I noticed you hung up your coat."	Ask questions about things that are important to the child	shame. Example: "We sit during library time so everyone can see." instead of "I	Help the child use their unique strengths to participate and solve problems	Example: "That was hard and you just kept trying."	child to do things in a new or different way Include ways for the child to
		like how is sitting.)	instead of comparing them to others	what you see as their strengths	participate based on their strengths



How many marbles do YOU have left?



Click for video link

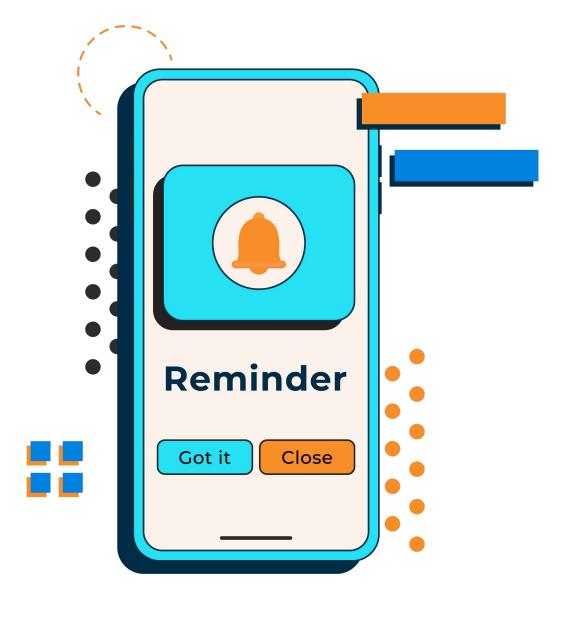






What is one action step YOU will take based on the learning today?





Explore CESA 6!

Social Emotional Learning Center



Link

Utilize Title Funding for Social Emotional Success



CESA 6 Social Emotional Learning supports equitable access to social-emotional success and mental wellness of all children and the systems that serve them, including students with neurodiversity and those who experience mental health challenges or trauma.







- Trauma Training and Coaching Series (which can include a caregiver component)
- School-wide program implementation (trauma sensitive schools, social emotional learning, school mental health)
- School transition planning support
- Student FBA/BIP Development



Title II

- Allies in Mental Health Education (AMHE) system-wide needs assessment and improvement planning
- Paraprofessional training series supporting neurodiverse students
- SEL Coaching and Consultation
- Depending on Teachers and Staff (DOTS) Training



Title IV

- Crisis Prevention/Intervention Team Training
- CARE Collaborative
- Social Emotional Learning Series Collaborative
- Sources of Strength
- Youth Mental Health First Aid

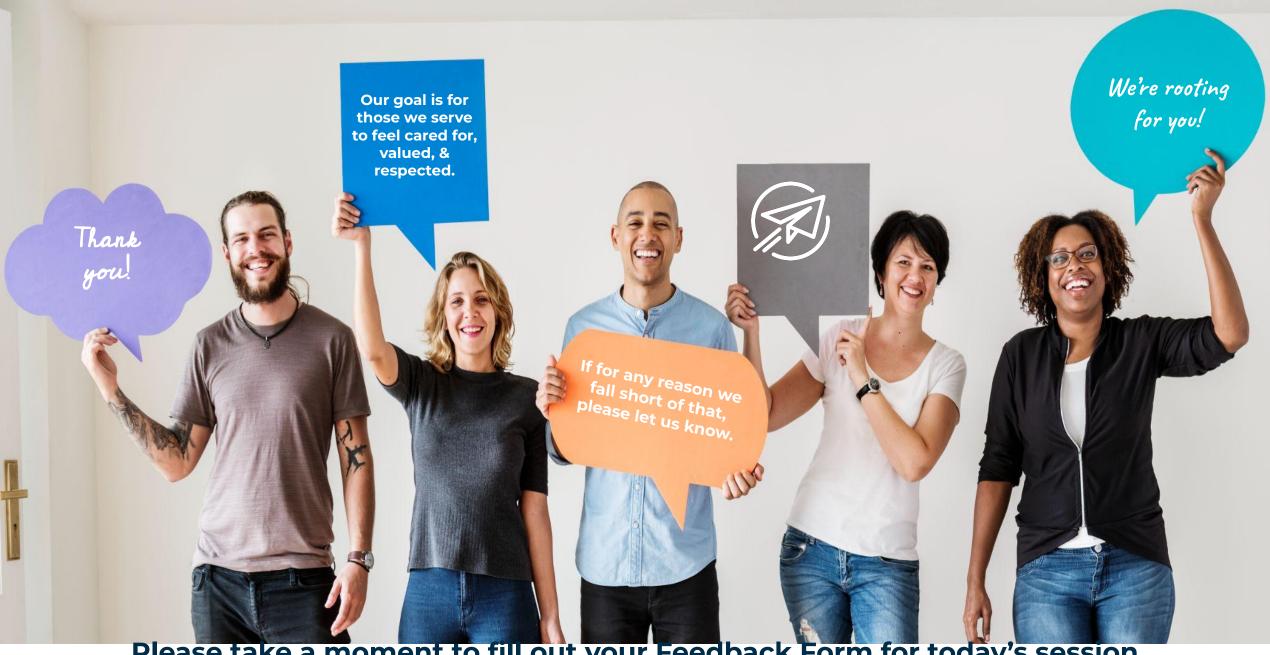
THANK YOU!

If you have any additional questions, please feel free to reach out.

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Please take a moment to fill out your Feedback Form for today's session.